

SOLAR + ENERGY STORAGE

Solar Plus Storage Focus on Storage Benefits by Tom Rust trust@custompowersolar.com



Getting to 100% renewables

We cannot get to 100% renewables without energy storage
Solar+Storage
Wind+Storage



Overview storage products

- Lead-acid
- Lithium ion
 - Nickel Cobalt Manganese (NCM)
 - Nickel Cobalt Aluminum (NCA)
- Lithium Iron Phosphate (LiFePo)
- Lithium Titanate (LTO)
- Flow Batteries



Lithium Iron Phosphate Batteries

- Lithium Iron Phosphate (LiFePo)
- 96-98% efficiency
- 3000-10,000 cycle life
- High DOD (80%+)
- 3.2-3.6V/cell
- -20 to 60C operating temperature
- Much lighter weight than lead-acid

- Better fire resistance than Li-ion – they cannot burn
- Tend to allow inverters
 to operate more
 efficiently
- Typically can last 10+ years
- Limiting to 80% DOD extends life



Value of Storage Batteries

- To evaluate batteries, calculate the actual lifetime dollars per kWh (\$/kwh)
 - Typical lead-acid \$350/kwh / (1500 cycles * 50% DOD * 70% RTE¹) = \$0.67/kwh
 - Lithium \$500/kwh / (5000 cycles * 80% DOD * 85% RTE¹) = \$0.15/kwh
 Lithium is 4X+ the value of lead-acid

¹ RTE – Round Trip Efficiency = one way efficiency squared



Value of Storage Batteries in Cost Savings

- Arbitrage moving energy from low rate periods to high rate periods
 - Highest value when high delta off-peak rate vs peak rate
- Demand Reduction reducing the peaks of energy usage spikes = reducing demand charges
- Backup prevent loss of assets when grid fails



Storage Markets

 Residential – generally under 10kw Small commercial <30kw</p> Commercial/Industrial >30kw Equity – Disadvantaged Communities & Resiliency Residential Non-residential



CCA Impacts

East Bay Community Energy New NEM customers can receive up to \$2500/year cash back for excess power Marin Clean Energy No limit on cash back for excess power Peninsula Clean Energy No limit on cash back for excess power Credits can roll over to succeeding years



Some Residential Storage Systems BMZ Custom Power Solar LG Chem SimpliPhi Sonnen Sunrun Tesla Powerwall Darfon

Finance Options

Cash - is king for contractors
Home owner
Equity Line Of Credit (HELOC)- 3 - 5% typical rate
PACE funding – payments go on

property taxes, 0% down, terms up to 25 years



Residential Storage Only Systems

- Custom Power Solar
- Outback inverter includes automatic transfer switch (ATS)
- Energport LiFePo batteries
 - 4kw/10kwh \$19k
 - 8kw/20kwh \$26k

 \$478/kwh after rebates and Federal Incentive Tax Credit of 30%

¹Typical Installation costs - costs may vary and does not include permitting costs



NEW SOLAR+STORAGE RATE 2019 EV is NOT required: Solar+storage is required

Schedule EV2 for Storage

Season	TOU Period	Rate (\$/kWh)
	Peak	0.469
Summer	Part-Peak	0.358
	Off-Peak	0.156
Winter	Peak	0.342
	Part-Peak	0.325
	Off-Peak	0.156

Peak:4PM – 9PM, All DaysPart-Peak:3PM – 4PM & 9PM – 12AM, All DaysOff-Peak:12AM – 3PM, All Days

Residential EV-A vs new storage EV2 rate - Savings 8kw/20kwh

	Solar only	Solar+Storage	Difference
EVA	\$3,825	\$4,944	129%
EV2	\$2,863	\$4,241	148%
Difference	75%	86%	

All EVA customers will be moved to EV2 rate after grandfathering period



Typical Residential Solar+Storage Savings - PG&E EV2 Rate

				Simple		kwh
	Solar+Storage			Payback	Payback	generated
	Savings	Raw Cost	Final Cost	Years	with EV	per year
4kw PV/10kwh	\$2,120	\$32,700	\$20,400	9.6	5.6	6400
6kw PV/10kwh	\$2,863	\$34,500	\$21,600	7.5	4.9	9600
7kw PV/20kwh	\$3,757	\$41,925	\$24,847	6.6	4.7	11200
8kw PV/20kwh	\$4,241	\$45,800	\$27,600	6.5	4.8	12800
12kw PV/20kwh	\$5,725	\$49,200	\$29,900	5.2	4.1	19200

¹Typical Installation costs – systems using Outback Radian or Skybox with LFP batteries & 20%+ efficiency modules at \$0.60/watt. Savings assumes full arbitrage storage mode. Payback with EV assumes gas savings average 31 miles/day \$4/gal compared to 30mpg. Final cost includes ITC (Investment Tax credit of 30%) and SGIP rebate (Self-Generation Incentive Program) at current rate \$0.25/watt-hour



Storage Benefit - Residential Solar+Storage EV2 rate

Savings	Solar Only	Solar+Storage	Storage Benefit
4kw PV/10kwh	\$1,430	\$2,120	48%
6kw PV/10kwh	\$2,147	\$2,863	33%
7kw PV/20kwh	\$2,410	\$3,758	56%
8kw PV/20kwh	\$2,863	\$4,241	48%
12kw PV/20kwh	\$4,295	\$5,725	33%

Commercial Storage Systems

• Typical in USA 240V/480V 3 phase:

Range of costs: \$250-\$1000/kwh

After SGIP rebate and ITC - \$0- \$500/kwh



Some Commercial Storage Systems Providers

- Advanced Microgrid Solutions
- BYD
- Custom Power Solar
- LG Chem
- Sonnen
 - STEM
- Tesla Powerpack
- Avalon (Flow batteries)

Battery Size vs Savings Solar+Storage

		Storage	Storage				Simple	
	Storage	size	savings	Solar+Storage			Payback	10 year Total
PV size kw	Multiplier	kwh	per kwh	Savings/yr	Raw Cost	Final Cost	Years	Income
240	0	0	\$0	\$40,080	\$360,000	\$252,000	6.3	\$204,929
240	0.5	120	\$71	\$48,600	\$402,000	\$246,600	5.1	\$307,461
240	1	240	\$59	\$54,240	\$444,000	\$241,200	4.4	\$377,159
240	2	480	\$46	\$62,160	\$528,000	\$230,400	3.7	\$478,250
240	4	960	\$35	\$73,680	\$696,000	\$208,800	2.8	\$631,183
PV Rate								
\$/watt	\$1.50							
Storage								
rate \$/kwh	\$350							
Savings								
rate PV								
\$/kw	\$167	,						
SGIP								
rebate rate								
\$/wh	\$0.29							
ITC	30%							

PG&E E-19R 2019 rate. 10 year income includes 3%/yr utility increases, - 0.5% solar degradation. Does not include depreciation



Cost Modeling Tools

Why do cost modeling? Determine cost savings using customer load profile and projected solar size Compare rates Energy Toolbase Geli Developer runs analysis for you **Custom Power Solar** Public model Enel.com (formerly EnerNOC)



Cost Modeling Tools and Financial Modeling

Model financial returns over time

Property Assessed Clean Energy

• HERO

• Ygrene

• Renew Financial PACE funding –

• CleanFund

For Non-Profits – Collective Sun



Cost Modeling Tool Tips

 Get the load profile UtilityAPI – helps with format you need PG&E Green Button Calculate solar size Best size - at least 100% of the annual energy usage in kwh of customer Quick calc – Usage/1500 = PV size in kw Make sure size fits available space • roof ground carport



Cost Modeling Tool Tips Cont'd

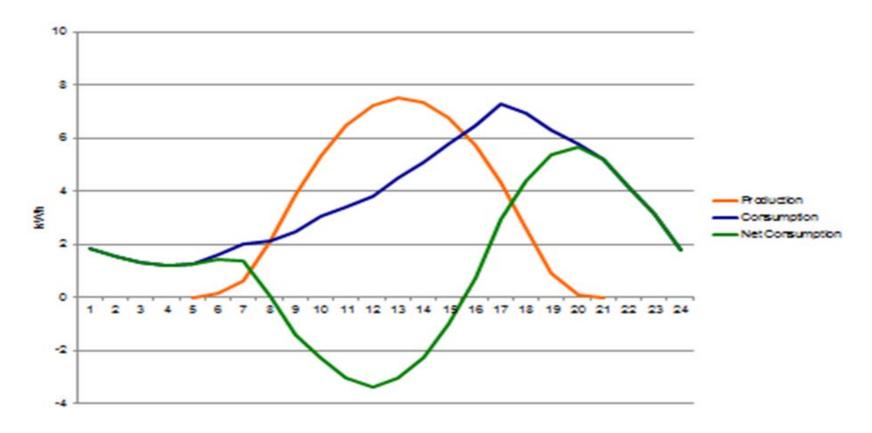
- Storage size best SGIP rebate value
- = 2X the solar size
- Example:
 - 5kw solar needed,
 - 5*2=10kwh battery best value
- Best customer long term value
 - >2X, 4X the solar size

 4X – rebate is not as large proportionally, but cost savings double that of 2X battery size (4X savings). Changing in 2020 to same value

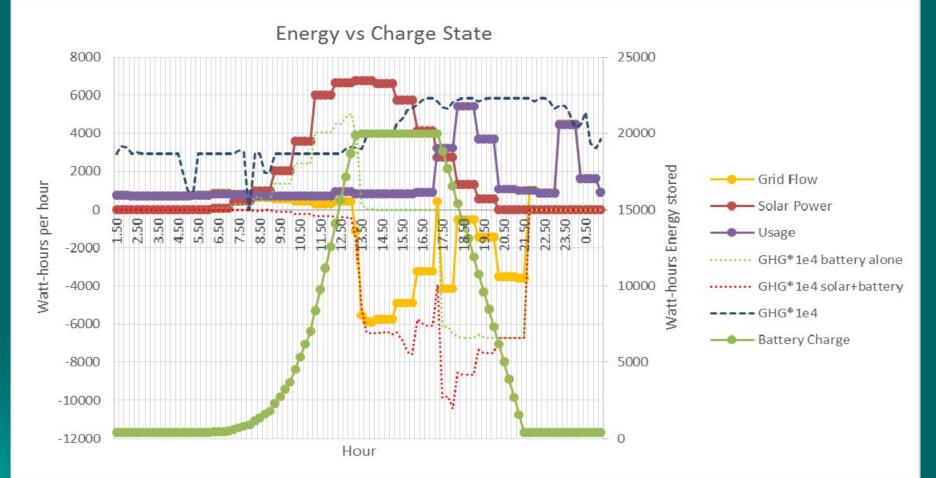


Typical Solar Production and Consumption

Net Load Profile

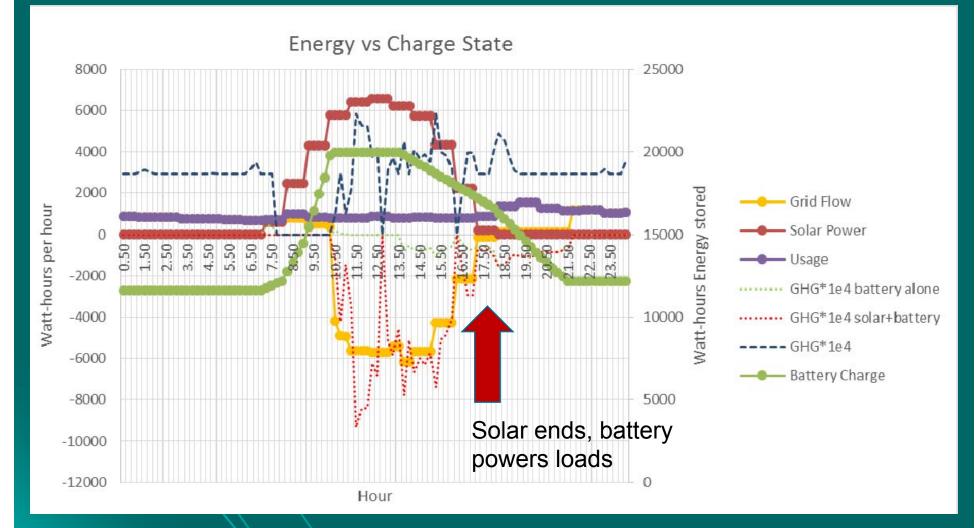


Residential Solar+Storage+EV – Arbitrage Daily Cycle



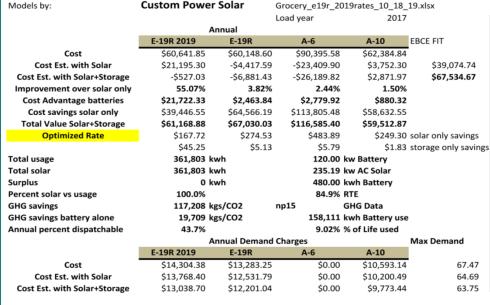
6/21 – cost savings through arbitrage – store solar power in am, discharge during peak

Resi Solar+Storage+EV Self Supply– Daily Cycle



2/4 – cost savings through self supply – store solar power in am, discharge during peak but only power loads

Commercial Rate Analysis



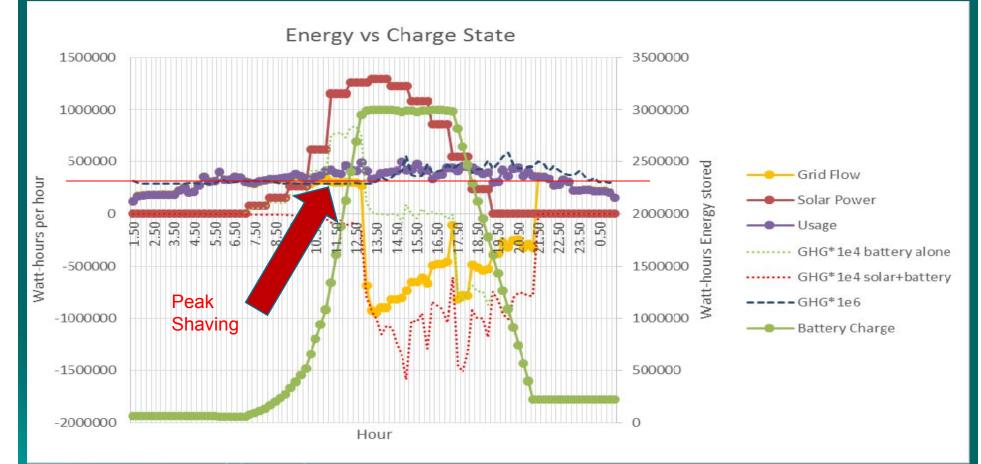
	Annual Energy Charges			
	E-19R 2019	E-19R	A-6	A-10
Cost	\$46,337.47	\$46,865.35	\$90,395.58	\$51,791.70
Cost Est. with Solar	\$7,426.90	-\$16,949.38	-\$23,409.90	-\$6,448.20
Cost Est. with Solar+Storage	-\$13,565.73	-\$19,082.47	-\$26,189.82	-\$6,901.46
Grid Charge	0 kwh			
Grid Charge	0 days			



All rates run with same conditions, optimized to first column rate



Commercial Solar+Storage – Arbitrage & Demand Reduction Daily Cycle



6/21 – cost savings through demand response – peak shaving (red line) and arbitrage – store solar power in am, discharge during peak



Rates with Highest Demand Charges

Utility	Rate	Applicable kW Range	Demand Charges
	TOU-GS-2-B	20 – 200 kW	Demand Charge: \$15.89 Summer OP: \$19.89 Summer MP: \$3.88
	TOU-GS-3-B	201 – 500 kW	Demand Charge: \$18.29 Summer OP: \$20.01 Summer MP: \$3.94
	TOU-8-B	>500 kW	Demand Charge: \$19.02 Summer OP: \$21.73 Summer MP: \$4.17
SDGE	AL-TOU	>=20 kW	Demand Charge: \$22.55 Summer OP: \$9.36 Summer MP: \$6.86
	A-10 Secondary Voltage	200 – 499 kW	Summer: \$19.52 Winter: \$11.76
PGCE	E-19 Secondary Voltage	500 – 999 kW	Demand Summer: \$17.74 Peak Demand Summer: \$19.65 Part-Peak Demand Summer: \$5.40 Demand Winter: \$17.74
	E-20 Secondary Voltage	>=1000 kW	Demand Summer: \$17.87 Peak Demand Summer: \$19.02 Part-Peak Demand Summer: \$5.23 Demand Winter: \$17.87
			28

Custom Power Solar

Courtesy Energport²⁸

Best Rates for Solar+Storage Commercial

PG&E
A1STORE – Nov 2019
E-19R
E-20R – very large systems over 1MW demand
New TOU rates by Nov 2019

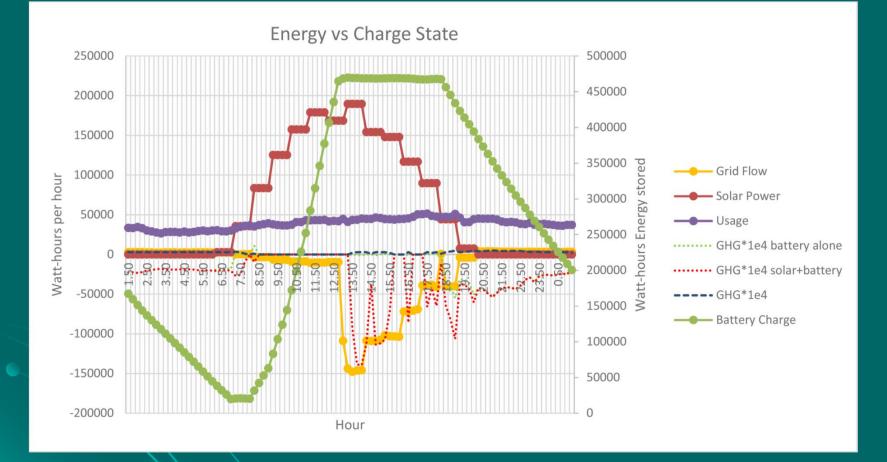


Best Rates for Solar+Storage Commercial

SCE
TOU8BR
SDG&E
DG-R
New – DR-SES



Backup



Date: 4/30 Grid flow all negative – only exporting to grid. No export during power outage. Solar sized = 100% of load, 2X battery size



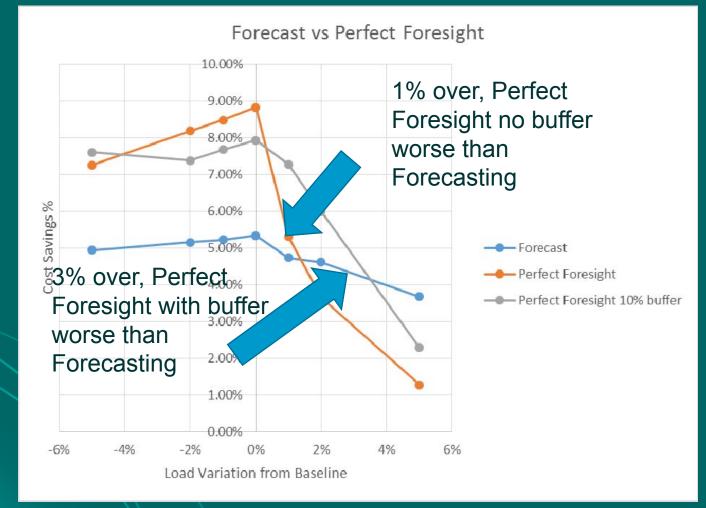
How Realistic is Perfect Foresight in Real World Storage Operations?

 Many tools (Energy Toolbase, Geli) use a Perfect Foresight model to analyze load profiles+solar with given rate and determine "best case" cost savings –

Not realistic in real life use
More realistic – Forecasting



Forecasting Sensitivity Analysis – Cost Savings



Conditions – C9 load (500kw demand peak), storage only 370kw,870kwh

Conclusions

- <u>Perfect Foresight</u> is extremely sensitive to real life load conditions – if load exceeds baseline – even slightly, savings are lost
 - 1% over load conditions eliminate all savings from Perfect Foresight vs Forecasting with no buffer
 - 1% over condition virtually certain in real life conditions
- Forecasting method likely produces more consistent, reliable cost savings than perfect foresight



Conclusions

- Be conservative with storage cost savings projections – nothing worse than customers getting less than they planned on
- Design at least a 20% buffer in the size of the battery system
 - Improves lifetime
 - Reduces impact of day-to-day variations in use



Thank You!

Tom Rust Custom Power Solar, Inc 510-912-4662 trust@custompowersolar.com www.custompowersolar.com





SOLAR + ENERGY STORAGE



Lithium Iron Phosphate Batteries

- Lithium Iron Phosphate (LiFePo)
- 96-98% efficiency
- 3000-6000 cycle life
- High DOD (80%+)
- 3.2-3.6V/cell
- -20 to 60C operating temperature
- Much lighter weight than lead-acid

- Better fire resistance than Li-ion
- Tend to allow inverters to operate more efficiently
- Typically can last 10+ years
- Raw cost for cells now only \$110-130/kwh



Lead Acid Batteries

- 80-85% efficiency¹
- 1000-1500 cycle life at best
- Limited Depth of Discharge (DOD) for best lifetime
- Typical DOD only 50%
- Some require maintenance
- Lifetime is typically 6-7 years
- Heavy 4X as heavy as Lithium batteries
- Lead is a toxin
- Recycling an issue
 - ¹ One way efficiency



Lithium Ion Batteries

- Nickel Cobalt Manganese (NCM)
- Nickel Cobalt Aluminum (NCA)
- 96-98% efficiency
- 3000-5000 cycle life
- High DOD (80%+)
- 3.6-4.2V/cell
- 0-45C operating temperature
- Much lighter weight than lead-acid
- Typically can last 10+ years



Lithium Iron Phosphate Batteries

- Lithium Iron Phosphate (LiFePo)
- 96-98% efficiency
- 3000-6000 cycle life
- High DOD (80%+)
- 3.2-3.6V/cell
- -20 to 60C operating temperature
- Much lighter weight than lead-acid

- Better fire resistance than Li-ion
- Tend to allow inverters to operate more efficiently
- Typically can last 10+ years
- Raw cost for cells now only \$110-130/kwh



Lithium Titanate Batteries

- Titanate (LTO)
- 96-98% efficiency
- 3000-30,000 cycle
 life
- High DOD (80%+)
- 2-2.6V/cell
- -30C to 45C operating temperature

- Lower energy density than other lithium
- Generally very high charge/discharge rate
- Higher cost but longer cycle life
- Typically can last 10+ years



Flow Batteries

- 80-85% efficiency
- 30,000+ cycle life
- Higher Capex
- Heavy
- Long cycles are typical



Storage System Components

 Batteries Cells in parallel • Cell groups in series Battery Management System (BMS) • Required for lithium batteries Maintains cells within 0.02V of each other Inverter Moves energy to/from battery Automatic Transfer Switch (option) Disconnects solar+storage system from grid Allows on grid or off-grid operation



Storage System Components, cont'd

Monitoring system - all system functions

 Voltages
 Temperatures
 Current flows

 Typically data stored in cloud and locally

Control –

Network interfaced system operations

• NGOM –

Separate Metering for monitoring solar vs battery
Not needed in residential systems



Custom Power Solar

Examples - SGIP approved battery systems Energport BYD • LG SimpliPhi Tesla Contact your SGIP Program Administrator for specifics



Energport

Features:

- <u>Saves electricity cost</u> by reducing demand charges and shifting load to off-peak period
- System payback in less than 4 years
- Simple modular design, scalable for any size and use
- LFP Safest Lithium ion battery on the market
- Cloud-based optimization and reporting
- Small footprint
- Connects to existing circuits
- <u>Emergency backup</u> as bonus function
- \$0 down lease available
- Low APR financing available
- <u>California SGIP rebate</u> available
- 30% federal tax credit with Solar PV
- 15-year design life; 10-year warranty
- Fully installed for less than \$0.40/Wh
- CE, UL compliance





BYD Energy Storage System



240 Kwh in outdoor container Includes all operational and climate controls



Custom Power Solar

Tesla Powerwall
5kw/14kwh
-20 to 60C operating temperature
~\$7800



 LG Chem – high voltage 400V 9.8kwh - ~ 2500 cycle life 10 year warranty • ~ \$6500 Solaredge StorEdge inverter •7.6kw → \$4000



SimpliPhi (LiFePo)
Various sizes from 2.5kwh
Example:
15kwh with 8kw Outback 8048A
inverter - \$22.5k



BMZ (Li-ion NMC/NCA)
6.8/8.5/10kwh 45-61.5V – 5000
cycle life
After SGIP rebate and ITC

~\$800/kwh

